

General Assembly

Raised Bill No. 5733

February Session, 2006

LCO No. 2694

02694____JUD

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by: (JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING MANDATORY FACT-FINDING CONFERENCES CONDUCTED BY THE COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS AND OPPORTUNITIES AND THE DUTIES OF THE CHIEF HUMAN RIGHTS REFEREE.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

- 1 Section 1. Subsection (c) of section 46a-83 of the 2006 supplement to
- 2 the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu
- 3 thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 4 (c) The executive director of the commission, or [his] the executive
 - director's designee, shall determine the most appropriate method for
- 6 processing any complaint pending after review in accordance with
- 7 subsection (b) of this section. The commission may conduct mandatory
- 8 mediation sessions, [expedited or extended] mandatory fact-finding
- 9 conferences or complete investigations, or any combination thereof,
- 10 during the investigatory process for the purpose of finding facts,
- 11 promoting the voluntary resolution of complaints or determining if
- 12 there is reasonable cause for believing that a discriminatory practice
- 13 has been or is being committed as alleged in the complaint. As used in
- 14 this section and section 46a-84, as amended by this act, [reasonable

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15 cause] "reasonable cause" means a bona fide belief that the material 16 issues of fact are such that a person of ordinary caution, prudence and 17 judgment could believe the facts alleged in the complaint. A complaint 18 may be dismissed if a complainant, after notice and without good 19 cause, fails to attend a mandatory mediation session. A mediator may 20 recommend, but not order, a resolution of the complaint. A complaint 21 may be dismissed if a complainant, after notice and without good 22 cause, fails to attend a mandatory fact-finding conference. A complaint 23 may be dismissed if the respondent has eliminated the discriminatory 24 practice complained of, taken steps to prevent a like occurrence in the 25 future and offered full relief to the complainant, even though the 26 complainant has refused such relief.

- Sec. 2. Subsection (i) of section 46a-83 of the 2006 supplement to the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
- 30 (i) The executive director of the commission, or [his] the executive 31 director's designee, may enter an order of default against a respondent 32 who: (1) [who, after] After notice, fails to answer a complaint in 33 accordance with subsection (a) of this section or within such extension 34 of time as may have been granted; [or (2) who] (2) fails to answer 35 interrogatories issued pursuant to subdivision (11) of section 46a-54, as amended, or fails to respond to a subpoena issued pursuant to 36 37 subsection (h) of this section and subdivision (9) of section 46a-54, as 38 amended, provided the executive director, or [his] the executive 39 director's designee, shall consider any timely filed objection; or (3) 40 [who,] after notice and without good cause, fails to attend a mandatory 41 mediation session or a mandatory fact-finding conference. Upon entry 42 of an order of default, the [executive director or his designee] Chief 43 Human Rights Referee shall appoint a presiding officer to enter, after 44 notice and hearing, an order eliminating the discriminatory practice 45 complained of and making the complainant whole. The commission or 46 the complainant may petition the Superior Court for enforcement of 47 any order for relief pursuant to section 46a-95.

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Sec. 3. Subsection (b) of section 46a-84 of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):

- (b) Upon certification of the complaint, the [executive director of the commission or his designee] Chief Human Rights Referee shall appoint a hearing officer, hearing adjudicator or human rights referee to act as a presiding officer to hear the complaint or to conduct settlement negotiations and shall cause to be issued and served in the name of the commission a written notice, together with a copy of the complaint, as the same may have been amended, requiring the respondent to answer the charges of the complaint at a hearing before the presiding officer or hearing adjudicator at a time and place to be specified in the notice, provided such hearing shall be commenced by convening a hearing conference not later than forty-five days after the certification of the complaint. The hearing shall be a de novo hearing on the merits of the complaint and not an appeal of the commission's processing of the complaint prior to its certification. The hearing shall proceed with reasonable dispatch and be concluded in accordance with the provisions of section 4-180.
- Sec. 4. Subsection (a) of section 46a-94a of the general statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof (*Effective October 1, 2006*):
 - (a) The Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, any respondent or any complainant aggrieved by a final order of a presiding officer or any complainant aggrieved by the dismissal of [his] such complainant's complaint by the commission for failure to attend a mandatory mediation session or a mandatory fact-finding conference as provided in subsection (c) of section 46a-83, as amended by this act, a finding of no reasonable cause as provided in subsection (d) of [said] section 46a-83, as amended, or rejection of reconsideration of any dismissal as provided in subsection (e) of [said] section 46a-83, as amended, may appeal therefrom in accordance with section 4-183.

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The court on appeal shall also have jurisdiction to grant to the commission, respondent or complainant such temporary relief or restraining order as [it] the court deems just and suitable, and in like manner to make and enter a decree enforcing or modifying and enforcing as so modified or setting aside, in whole or in part, the order sought to be reviewed.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following		
sections:		
Section 1	October 1, 2006	46a-83(c)
Sec. 2	October 1, 2006	46a-83(i)
Sec. 3	October 1, 2006	46a-84(b)
Sec. 4	October 1, 2006	46a-94a(a)

Statement of Purpose:

To provide for mandatory fact-finding conferences conducted by the Commission on Human Rights and Opportunities, to allow the commission to enter an order of default or dismiss a complaint for failure to attend any such conference, to provide appellate relief for any such order or dismissal and to clarify the duties of the Chief Human Rights Referee with respect to the appointment of presiding officers.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]